

VASQUEZ HAS FLED TO CUBA.

LEAVING PRESIDENCY OF SANTO DOMINGO TO WOS Y GIL.

Defeated Leader Sends Word to His Brother Here—Had Held Office a Whole Year—Insurgents Captured the Capital in March and He Couldn't Retake It.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

HAVANA, April 27.—Horacio Vasquez, ex-President of Santo Domingo, arrived at Guantanamo last Saturday on board the Dominican warship Presidente, his Government having been overthrown by the revolutionists. It is stated that the custom house officials at Guantanamo refused to permit him to land, whereupon he telegraphed to Señor Sagot, Civil Governor of Santiago, who granted the desired permission. Vasquez also telegraphed to President Palma asking permission to go to Santiago, which was also granted. He informed President Palma that he had delivered the Government of Santo Domingo to a revolutionary cabinet.

The Dominican Consul at Havana states that Vasquez sent a note to Wos y Gil, one of the Dominican leaders, saying that he surrendered the presidency as he did not wish to continue the fratricidal strife.

The President will be detained by the Cuban Government and will be surrendered to the new Government of Santo Domingo when a formal claim is made for her. A large party of Señor Vasquez's adherents landed with him.

The news that President Horacio Vasquez of Santo Domingo had abandoned his defense of the Presidency against the revolution of Gen. A. Wos y Gil, came in a cable despatch from Gen. Vasquez, yesterday, to his brother, Gen. F. Leonte Vasquez, Dominican Consul-General and Chargé d'Affaires in this city. The message giving the first intimation that Vasquez had fled the country was dated Guantanamo, Cuba, and read:

"Have abandoned. Caerres and Hernandez accompany me. Will you come?"

The two men referred to in the despatch are Gen. Ramon Caerres, Governor of Santiago and Gen. Luis Maria Hernandez, Governor of San Pedro de Macoris, who remained loyal to their chief. The Consul-General expressed himself as entirely satisfied with the action of his brother.

"It means the end of the rebellion," he said. "And my brother would rather that peace reign in the country than be President with continual uprisings which hurt the republic commercially, physically and financially. We were the interests of our country always at heart. My brother, Consul-General Vasquez said he would retire from his office here as soon as he is instructed to whom to deliver the consulate. He will go to Cuba with his five children, who are at school here, and engage with his brother in an agricultural enterprise there, a step, which he said, he has long contemplated.

Gen. Horacio Vasquez became President of Santo Domingo a year ago by overthrowing Gen. Juan Isidro Jimenez, under whom he was Vice-President. The revolution which has now deposed him from power began on March 23. Since the beginning the rebels have held the capital against repeated attacks.

Gen. Alejandro Wos y Gil, who led the insurrection and now becomes President, is well known in this city, where he represented his country as Chargé d'Affaires and Consul-General during the administration of President Heurteaux. This will be his second term as President of the little West Indian republic. The term, barring rebellion, is two years.

Gen. Gil, whose name is pronounced Hill, was also a member of the Cabinet of President Heurteaux. He is 49 years old and a rich man.

BOGUS PRINCE'S EXCUSE.

Says He Was Dragged Into the Marriage With Countess Russell.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

PORTSMOUTH, April 27.—The case of William Brown, the son of a coachman, who, under the name of "Prince Atholwald Stuart de Modena," married the Countess Russell here, some months ago, and was arrested recently, charged with making a false entry in the marriage register, was resumed in court here to-day. The court room was crowded. Lady Scott, mother of the former Countess Russell, was present. Barrister Williamson, in presenting the case for the Treasury, stated that Brown was introduced to Countess Russell at Malmesbury as Capt. Atholwald Stuart. He represented himself as a son of the Austrian Emperor and said he had been educated at Sandhurst. He wanted the marriage kept quiet, he said, as he would not come into his money until April 30. He described himself in the marriage register as being 31 years of age, a widower, and a son of Francis Joseph de Modena.

The prisoner, Mr. Williamson said, was really a footman and his right name was Brown. Lady Scott testified that Brown represented that he had an income of £2,000 a year. He said his father, the Emperor, was a wicked old man. After his marriage to her daughter they stayed at a fashionable hotel in the West End of London. He left them after a disagreement on Christmas Day. Brown said after his arrest that he had hoped the former Countess would get a separation while he was away. Later on the prisoner told a detective that he had no idea of committing any offense.

The prisoner was committed for trial at the June assizes.

NOT OPPOSED TO CANAL TREATY.

Bolivar Assembly Votes Down a Resolution Against It.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

COLON, Colombia, April 27.—Advices from Cartagena indicate that there is unrest in some departments. An order was issued for the expulsion of Gen. Ospina, who, however, has been elected Senator. The house taxes and stamp duty have been further increased.

Señor Blanco's memorial to the Assembly of Bolivar, praying for adverse action on the Panama Canal treaty, has been negated.

REPUBLICANS GAIN IN SPANISH ELECTIONS.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

MADRID, April 27.—The elections yesterday for members of the lower house resulted in a triumph for the Republicans. Thirty-four representatives of that party were returned, making them twice as strong as in the previous Cortes. Large gains for the Republicans were shown in Valencia, San Sebastian, Valladolid, Leon, Salamanca, Badajoz, Cadiz and Las Palmas.

Dutch Queen Goes to Grand Duke's Wedding.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

THE HAGUE, April 27.—Queen Wilhelmina and Prince Henry started to-day for Bruckburg to attend the marriage of the Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimar to Princess Caroline of Reuss. A detachment of soldiers accompanied the train to the frontier.

KING'S WELCOME TO HOME.

EMMANUEL VII. EMPLOYED BY VICTOR Emmanuel on His Arrival.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

ROME, April 27.—King Edward reached Rome at 8 o'clock this afternoon and was met by King Victor Emmanuel. The two sovereigns embraced, while the band played "God Save the King."

The British monarch had a great reception from the populace. From the station to the Quirinal the streets, which were lined with troops, were densely crowded, and the windows, balconies and housetops were filled with people. When the procession arrived at the Piazza Termini it was met by the Mayor, Prince Colonna and the city fathers, who brought the greetings of Rome.

The feature of the decorations was twenty magnificent monumental vases arranged in a semicircle near the "Exedra" Palace, each six feet high, in the style of the celebrated Della Robbia terra cotta and colored brilliantly in red, white, yellow and green. In each was a golden tree sixteen feet high bearing flowers and fruit.

Signor Chiarelli, the sculptor, and Signor Mattoni, the artist, who were responsible for the scheme of decoration, say the idea they intended to convey was "To-day is the fête of peace, and Italy, the cradle of fine arts and poetry, bids a welcome to her royal imperial guest. All the festoons were tied with white ribbons."

The exceptionally cordial reception to King Edward to-day is mainly attributed by political circles to the tension between Italy and Austria over their conflicting interests in Albania. Italy hopes for British support in case of territorial changes in the Balkans.

LONDON'S OPERA SEASON OPENS.

Large Audience at a Successful Performance at the "Theatre Royal."

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, April 27.—The opera season here had a more auspicious opening to-night than for several seasons past. The first of the cycles of the Nibelungen Ring began with "Rheingold." The opera house itself is much improved, while new scenery and new stage arrangements added immensely to the general success of the production. There was a brilliant audience, which rose while the orchestra, according to annual custom, opened the season with the national anthem.

The cast included several singers new to Covent Garden. The principal parts were taken by Bertram as Wotan, Van Dyck as Loge, Lieban as Mime, Olive Fremstad as Fricka, Zimmerman as Freia, and Kirby Lunn as Brunnhilde. The performance was so uniformly excellent that it would be invidious to make distinctions, but Van Dyck surprised his friends by the remarkable freshness of his voice in addition to his usual artistic acting.

In the orchestration alone did the performance fall somewhat short of Bayreuth's high standard. Herr Richter, the conductor, made a masterly use of the material at his command, and at the close of the performance he received, with the artists, a great tribute of appreciation.

RICH WOMAN'S BODY FOUND.

English Police Make Discovery in the Most House Mystery.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, April 27.—The "Most House mystery," which has baffled the police for a long time, aroused new interest to-day when the body of a woman was dug up in Most House grounds at Saffron Walden.

This body is supposed to be that of Miss Camille Holland, an aged and wealthy woman, who owned Most House. She lived there for several months in 1898 and 1899 with a man named Douglas, who was popularly supposed to be her husband, but who was not married to her. Subsequently a Miss Douglas, supposed to be Douglas's daughter, took up her residence at Most House. Some time afterward Miss Holland mysteriously disappeared. Then Douglas brought suit for divorce against the woman who had been supposed to be his daughter, but who was really his wife.

This led to suspicion concerning the fate of Miss Holland, and an active search for her was instituted by the police. The grounds surrounding Most House and the most were thoroughly searched, laborers being employed to dig up the grounds and to drain the moat, but no trace of the missing woman was found until to-day.

Douglas was recently arrested while trying to cash a check signed by Miss Holland. He is now in jail.

FRANCHISE GRANTED FOR PIER AT SAN JUAN.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

SAN JUAN, P. R., April 27.—The Executive Council to-day granted a franchise to the New York and Porto Rico Steamship Company to build a pier at a cost not to exceed \$125,000. The franchise is terminable when the island government pays the value of the pier to the company. The company pays for the franchise 5 per cent. of the gross receipts obtained from the pier. This ends the litigation caused by the destruction of the first pier, built here under the franchise granted by Secretary of War Root.

TO PUT CHECK ON MORMONISM.

German Government Will Not Admit New Preachers.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

BERLIN, April 27.—The statement that the Government is determined not to allow the preaching of Mormonism in Germany is confirmed. No general decree of expulsion will be issued and no steps will be taken to interfere with existing settlements. No new preachers will be tolerated, however, and it is more than probable that the leaders of the existing Mormon communities will be quietly ordered to desist from preaching their doctrines.

PRODDING TURKEY.

Powers Again Urge the Sultan to Carry Out Balkan Reforms.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, April 27.—In the House of Commons this afternoon, Viscount Cranborne, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, stated that further representations had been made to the Porte by the Austrian and Russian Ambassadors at Constantinople, in which the Sultan had been strongly urged to see to it that the reform schemes in the Balkans were sincerely executed. These representations had been supported by all the other Powers.

ALBANIA'S UNREST.

Report at Constantinople That Another Attack Is Near.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 27.—It is rumored from Tzurik that the Albanians are again gathering in the Drenita Mountains. They are determined to attack Priahina and expel the Serbian Consul. Important developments are expected to follow the military operations in Albania in the next few days.

Mrs. Langtry a Grandmother.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, April 27.—Mrs. Ian Malcolm, formerly Mrs. Jeanie Langtry, daughter of Mrs. Lily Langtry, gave birth to a son yesterday.

FOSS OVER KOCIAN AND VIOLIN.

FORMER MRS. CLOPTON BUTTS IN BY TELEPHONE.

Wants to Know If It's Her Violin and Fiddlers Kocian's Host—Mr. Clopton Says He Will Proceed Against Her If She Doesn't Stop Using His Name.

Conest now Mrs. Josephine Clopton, the divorced wife of W. C. Clopton, the violin collector, and said that maybe the violin which young Jaroslav Kocian is alleged to have carried off to Europe was her violin.

Dr. J. F. Chmelick, Kocian's host, the host of Kocian in this city, was called by his private telephone early yesterday morning. A woman's voice announced its owner to be "Mrs. Josephine Clopton."

"I have read the story of that violin in the papers," the voice went on to say, "and I am very much interested in it because maybe it's a violin of mine that my husband refused to return to me, although I have made a number of demands for it. Will you come over to my house, at 200 West Eighty-first street, and tell me all about it?"

"Why, you ought to know as much as I do about it," replied Dr. Chmelick. "You were here with your husband when he came to get it."

"What's that?" came back from the other end of the line. "I never was near your house and I have not seen my husband for a long time. How did she look?"

"Well, I thought it was you," said Dr. Chmelick. "I didn't intend to—"

"Fiddlers!" was the reply, and there was not much more conversation. Mrs. Clopton said yesterday that she had no particular reason to believe that he had her particular violin that Kocian had got, but she wanted to know.

"He has six," she said. "He says that two were made by Stradivarius, and that one is a Guarnerius. A fourth violin is an heirloom, he says, and has belonged to him since he was 100 years. The other two violins I bought while I was married to him. I did it just to please him. It isn't as good as a Strad, but it is a fine old fiddle just the same. That one he took from me and put it with the rest of the instruments and never gave me a chance to get it back. The sixth is a Serafin, made in Venice—I know a little about fiddles myself—and that I gave to him as a present. I guess he has a right to call it his own."

Who's Mrs. Clopton? demanded Mr. Clopton when told of all this. "Then no," Mrs. Clopton, I'm going to proceed against her if she keeps on using my name. Everybody knows what my violins are. The Guarnerius, the Stradivarius, and the Serafin, and with ran away with is an heirloom. How long it has been in my family I don't know, but I know that I brought it with me from the States and used it during the Civil War. This Mrs. Bell never gave me anything."

Mrs. Clopton, as she certainly does call herself, said she was Mrs. Josephine Bell. She was sued in 1901 by Mrs. Minnie A. Riker for \$500,000 damages for slander and the jury gave her a verdict of \$100,000. Mrs. Clopton testified that she had been the wife of Henri Maillard, the confectioner. She is said to have received \$100,000 from the estate of her husband. In the same year she lost a suit in North Dakota to have Mr. Clopton's Dakota divorce from her set aside. That cause was referred to the Supreme Court in this city on the charge that she had annoyed her and written threatening letters to her. The case was dismissed by Magistrate Paul.

Mr. Clopton said yesterday that he had not done anything for the recovery of his violin beyond arranging to have it brought back free of duty if Kocian should take it through the captain of the "Augusta Victoria." He had got the Hamburg-American Line to cable to the captain to bring the violin back to New York if Kocian was willing to give it up.

NO VOTE OF CENSURE.

British Cabinet Attacked for Inaction in a Labor Dispute.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, April 27.—The House of Commons spent several hours to-day debating the inaction of the Government in the coal strike. Mr. Asquith, on behalf of the opposition, condemning its inaction in reference to the prolonged industrial dispute at Lord Penrhyn's estate quarries at Bethesda, North Wales, and demanding prompt intervention to procure a just settlement.

Mr. Asquith disavowed advocacy of either side of the question. He said it was a matter of national concern, yet the Government sat with its hands folded, doggedly refusing to allow the Board of Trade to exercise the powers conferred upon it by the Conciliation Act of 1896 to effect a settlement, which, Mr. Asquith believed, could unquestionably be attained.

Gerald Balfour, president of the Board of Trade, replied to Mr. Asquith, rehearsing the cause and progress of the dispute. He recalled the published correspondence of the Board of Trade had conducted in connection with the trouble and maintained that there never was a case in which it was clearer that the intervention of the board would have been useless. It was because throughout there had not been any practical prospect whatever of intervention, suggesting that the board had declined, and still declined, to act.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the Liberal leader, supported Mr. Asquith. The debate proceeded on party lines until a late hour, when Prime Minister Balfour wound it up on behalf of the Government.

He recalled that two experiments in conciliation by influential men had failed, and that the Government had declined to attempt at conciliation by the board would be abortive. In repudiating a criticism that the Conciliation Act is a sham Mr. Balfour stated that since it was passed it has been successfully invoked in ninety-six labor disputes.

The present case was merely a question of administrative discretion. Lord Penrhyn did not object to his own organization themselves as the board, but he did object to a trade union committee professing to represent the whole body of workmen, and he (Mr. Balfour) thought Lord Penrhyn was right.

Mr. Asquith's motion was defeated by a vote of 318 to 182.

Illustrated Papers and Magazines Wanted.

The Seamen's Christian Association asks THE SUN to appeal to its readers for copies of illustrated papers and magazines of recent date for the association's reading rooms, at 329 West street. The secretary writes: "Think of magazines of 1888 and 1889 and 1890 and 1891 and 1892 and 1893 and 1894 and 1895 and 1896 and 1897 and 1898 and 1899 and 1900 and 1901 and 1902 and 1903 and 1904 and 1905 and 1906 and 1907 and 1908 and 1909 and 1910 and 1911 and 1912 and 1913 and 1914 and 1915 and 1916 and 1917 and 1918 and 1919 and 1920 and 1921 and 1922 and 1923 and 1924 and 1925 and 1926 and 1927 and 1928 and 1929 and 1930 and 1931 and 1932 and 1933 and 1934 and 1935 and 1936 and 1937 and 1938 and 1939 and 1940 and 1941 and 1942 and 1943 and 1944 and 1945 and 1946 and 1947 and 1948 and 1949 and 1950 and 1951 and 1952 and 1953 and 1954 and 1955 and 1956 and 1957 and 1958 and 1959 and 1960 and 1961 and 1962 and 1963 and 1964 and 1965 and 1966 and 1967 and 1968 and 1969 and 1970 and 1971 and 1972 and 1973 and 1974 and 1975 and 1976 and 1977 and 1978 and 1979 and 1980 and 1981 and 1982 and 1983 and 1984 and 1985 and 1986 and 1987 and 1988 and 1989 and 1990 and 1991 and 1992 and 1993 and 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